## **WEST Search History**

DATE: Saturday, June 29, 2002

Set Name side by side		Hit Count	Set Name result set
DB=JP	AB,EPAB,DWPI; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L21	119 and 120	14	L21
L20	metal oxide or tin oxide or stannous oxide or stannic oxide or sno	87797	L20
L19	dimethylethyl methyl ether or (methoxy adj2 methylpropane) or (methyl adj2 methoxylpropane) or t-butyl methyl ether or butoxymethane or butyl methyl ether or methyl ter butyl ether or methyl terbutyl ether	905	L19
DB=US	SPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L18	116 and 111	1	L18
L17	(L16 or l13).ti,ab,clm.	4	L17
L16	(detect\$3 or measur\$3 or determin\$6 or indicat\$3) with 115	29	L16
L15	dimethylethyl methyl ether or (methoxy adj2 methylpropane) or (methyl adj2 methoxylpropane) or t-butyl methyl ether or butoxymethane or butyl methyl ether	2898	L15
L14	L13 and l11	5	L14
L13	(detect\$3 or measur\$3 or determin\$6 or indicat\$3) with 110	123	L13
L12	110 and 111	395	L12
L11	metal oxide or tin oxide or stannous oxide or stannic oxide or sno	108711	L11
L10	mtbe or methy tert butyl ether or methyl ter butyl ether or methyl t-butyl ether	3045	L10
L9	6165945 or 6080704	2	L9
DB=DI	WPI; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L8	ca-2245013-\$.did.	1	L8
DB=US	SPT, PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
L7	ca-2245013-\$.did,	0	L <b>7</b>
L6	15 same (channel or passageway)	4	L6
L5	(microtiter or microtitre) with (cover or lid or cap)	169	L5
L4	L3 and 12	40	L4
L3	(lypophilic or lyophilic) and (lypophobic or hydrophobic or lypophilic)	38359	L3
L2	(microtiter or microtitre) same (channel or passageway)	246	L2
LJ	(microtiter or microtitre) and (channel or passageway)	2522	L1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

```
09/581,264
Lucio De Angelis
=> s methyl tert butyl ether/cn
             1 METHYL TERT BUTYL ETHER/CN
                                                                             08/027 558
08/314370 544705
=> d 11
L1
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     1634-04-4 REGISTRY
CN
     Propane, 2-methoxy-2-methyl- (9CI)
                                         (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:
                                                                             07/662781
     Ether, tert-butyl methyl (6CI, 7CI, 8CI)
OTHER NAMES:
                                                                             08/168232
5400643
     1,1-Dimethylethyl methyl ether
     2-Methoxy-2-methylpropane
CN
     2-Methyl-2-methoxypropane
CN
CN
     Methyl 1,1-dimethylethyl ether
CN
    Methyl tert butyl ether
CN
     Methyl tert-butyl ether
CN
     Methyl tertiary butyl ether
CN
    MTBE
CN
     t-Butyl methyl ether
CN
     tert-Butoxymethane
CN
     tert-Butyl methyl ether
FS
     3D CONCORD
     C5 H12 O
MF
     COM
CI
LC
                  AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOBUSINESS, BIOSIS,
     STN Files:
       BIOTECHNO, CA, CANCERLIT, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEN, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CHEMSAFE, CIN, CSCHEM, CSNB, DDFU, DETHERM*,
       DIPPR*, DRUGU, EMBASE, ENCOMPLIT, ENCOMPLIT2, ENCOMPPAT, ENCOMPPAT2,
       HODOC*, HSDB*, IFICDB, IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS,
       NIOSHTIC, PDLCOM*, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE,
       TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VTB
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: DSL**, EINECS**, TSCA**
```

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

t-Bu-O-Me

```
=> s 1634-04-4/rn
          4890 1634-04-4
            14 1634-04-4D
L2
          4882 1634-04-4/RN
                  (1634-04-4 (NOTL) 1634-04-4D)
=> s metal oxide or tin oxide or stannous oxide or stannic oxide or sno
       1345436 METAL
        669261 METALS
       1631119 METAL
                  (METAL OR METALS)
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
         75285 METAL OXIDE
                  (METAL(W)OXIDE)
        197064 TIN
           542 TINS
        197397 TIN
                  (TIN OR TINS)
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
       28966 TIN OXIDE
                  (TIN(W)OXIDE)
          7442 STANNOUS
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
           308 STANNOUS OXIDE
                  (STANNOUS (W) OXIDE)
          4316 STANNIC
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
          1403 STANNIC OXIDE
                  (STANNIC (W) OXIDE)
          3601 SNO
            40 SNOS
          3629 SNO
                  (SNO OR SNOS)
        103980 METAL OXIDE OR TIN OXIDE OR STANNOUS OXIDE OR STANNIC OXIDE OR
L3
               SNO
=> s 12 and 13
            36 L2 AND L3
=> s platinum or pt
        149998 PLATINUM
            47 PLATINUMS
        150007 PLATINUM
                  (PLATINUM OR PLATINUMS)
        204597 PT
          3771 PTS
        207629 PT
                  (PT OR PTS)
L5
        260788 PLATINUM OR PT
=> s 14 and 15
             3 L4 AND L5
=> d 16 1-3 ibib, kwic
L6
     ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
```

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:774180 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:106991

Low temperature catalytic decomposition and oxidation TITLE:

of MTBE

AUTHOR(S): Mitani, M. M.; Keller, A. A.; Golden, S. J.; Hatfield,

R.; Cheetham, A. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Bren School of Environmental Science and Management,

University of California, Santa Barbara, CA, 93106,

Applied Catalysis, B: Environmental (2001), 34(2), SOURCE:

87-95

CODEN: ACBEE3; ISSN: 0926-3373

Elsevier Science B.V. PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

REFERENCE COUNT: 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

Catalytic combustion of methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) was studied in the gas-phase from an ag. soln. spiked with MTBE (1.1 mM), to simulate actual

remediation conditions. The soln. of MTBE was sparged with an oxygen/helium gas, at a ratio of 1-4. The sparged gas stream of MTBE and

water vapor was passed over catalysts utilizing Pt/Rh or Pd in

conjunction with a mixed metal oxide based upon

Lal-xSrxMnO3. The results were compared to a com. catalyst which contained a higher loading of Pt. The expts. with the catalysts were conducted over a temp. range of 80-500.degree.C. Combustion to CO2 and water was obsd. in all cases, but byproduct formation of isobutene and methanol was seen at lower temps. for all of the catalysts tested, with the exception of the com. catalyst. The catalyst with the lowest loading of Pt/Rh achieved the lowest temp. for complete oxidn. of MTBE and its byproducts.

7440-05-3, Palladium, uses 7440-06-4, **Platinum**, uses TΤ 7440-16-6, Rhodium, uses 126447-16-3, Lanthanum strontium manganese oxide (La,Sr)MnO3

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(low temp. catalytic decompn. and oxidn. of MTBE)

TΤ 1634-04-4, MTBE

RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process)

(low temp. catalytic decompn. and oxidn. of MTBE)

ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1999:784338 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:5852

TITLE: Process for the determination of MTBE in the ground

and air

De Angelis, Lucio INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Enitecnologie S.P.A., Italy

PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT	NO.		KI	ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON NO	٥.	DATE			
									_								
WO	9963	340		Α	1	1999	1209		W	O 19	99-E	P182	1	1999	0218		
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,
		KE,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,
		MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,
		TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,
		ТJ,	TM														
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
		CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG						
ÇA	2315	001		A	A	1999	1209		C	A 19	99-2	3150	01	1999	0218		
ΑU	9935	972		Α	1	1999	1220		A	U 19	99-3	5972		1999	0218		
ΕP	1084	403		Α	1	2001	0321		E	P 19	99-9	1782	6	1999	0218		

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AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                      T2
                           20020618
                                          JP 2000-552496
                                                           19990218
     JP 2002517723
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        IT 1998-MI1248
                                                       A 19980604
                                       WO 1999-EP1821
                                                        W 19990218
                         3
REFERENCE COUNT:
                              THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
     Pollution by methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) in soil and at the surface is
     monitored using solid state sensors. The sensors consist of a sensitive
     element made of a semi-conductor metal oxide contq.
     platinum, for example tin oxide, and a heater
     capable of bringing the temp. of the element to a range of
     300-500.degree.C. The sensors are equipped with a membrane permeable to
     gas and impermeable to water and change resistance in response to
     interaction with MTBE. An example is described relating to the monitoring
     of underground fuel tanks contg. fuel with this oxygenated additive.
     sensor environmental monitoring methyltertbutylether fuel leak;
ST
     platinum tin oxide sensor methyltertbutylether
IT
     1634-04-4, Methyl tert butyl ether
     RL: ANT (Analyte); MOA (Modifier or additive use); ANST (Analytical
     study); USES (Uses)
        (solid state sensors for monitoring gasoline additive MTBE to detect
        fuel spills in soil and aboveground)
ΙT
     1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7440-06-4, Platinum, uses
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (solid state sensors for monitoring gasoline additive MTBE to detect
        fuel spills in soil and aboveground)
ΙT
     1332-29-2, Tin oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (solid state sensors for monitoring gasoline additive MTBE to detect
        fuel spills in soil and aboveground)
    ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                        1995:846620 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        123:233131
TITLE:
                        Isopropyl alcohol and ether production from acetone.
INVENTOR(S):
                        Knifton, John Frederick; Dai, Pei-Shing Eugene;
                        Taylor, Robert Joel, Jr.; Martin, Bobby Ray
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Texaco Development Corp., USA
SOURCE:
                        Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.
                        CODEN: EPXXDW
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
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                    ----
                           _____
    EP 665207
                     A1
                           19950802
                                         EP 1995-300475
                                                           19950126
                     В1
    EP 665207
                           19971001
        R: DE, FR, GB
    US 5476972
                           19951219
                                          US 1994-188007
                                                           19940128
                     Α
                      AA
     CA 2141270
                                          CA 1995-2141270 19950127
                           19950729
                                       US 1994-188007
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                           19940128
    A one-step method is disclosed for synthesis of ethers from acetone, which
    method comprises reacting an acetone-rich feed over a bifunctional
     catalyst comprising 5%-45% by wt. hydrogenation catalyst on 55%-95% of the
     total catalyst wt. of a support comprising a zeolite and a Group III or IV
    metal oxide to produce diisopropyl ether, MTBE, and
     iso-Pr tert-Bu ether. The novel one-step method is esp. useful for prodn.
    of high octane blending components for gasoline.
ΙT
    1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7440-02-0, Nickel, uses
                                                         7440-05-3, Palladium,
          7440-06-4, Platinum, uses 7440-32-6, Titanium, uses
     7440-47-3, Chromium, uses 7440-50-8, Copper, uses
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
```

(iso-Pr alc. and ether prodn. from acetone for use as gasoline blending

67-63-0P, Isopropyl alcohol 108-20-3P, Diisopropyl ether

components)

1634-04-4P, MTBE 17348-59-3P

ΙT

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
 (iso-Pr alc. and ether prodn. from acetone for use as gasoline blending
 components)

Ĺ

```
=> s 1634-04-4/rn
          4890 1634-04-4
            14 1634-04-4D
L1
          4882 1634-04-4/RN
                  (1634-04-4 (NOTL) 1634-04-4D)
=> s metal oxide or tin oxide or stannous oxide or stannic oxide or sno
       1345436 METAL
        669261 METALS
       1631119 METAL
                  (METAL OR METALS)
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
         75285 METAL OXIDE
                  (METAL (W) OXIDE)
        197064 TIN
           542 TINS
        197397 TIN
                  (TIN OR TINS)
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
         28966 TIN OXIDE
                  (TIN(W)OXIDE)
          7442 STANNOUS
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
           308 STANNOUS OXIDE
                  (STANNOUS (W) OXIDE)
          4316 STANNIC
       1263557 OXIDE
        285209 OXIDES
       1357367 OXIDE
                  (OXIDE OR OXIDES)
          1403 STANNIC OXIDE
                  (STANNIC (W) OXIDE)
          3601 SNO
            40 SNOS
          3629 SNO
                  (SNO OR SNOS)
L2
        103980 METAL OXIDE OR TIN OXIDE OR STANNOUS OXIDE OR STANNIC OXIDE OR
               SNO
=> s 11 and 12
            36 L1 AND L2
=> d 13 1-36 ibib, kwic
     ANSWER 1 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                          2002:423048 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                          136:403490
TITLE:
                          Method and apparatus for utilizing smelting-reduction
                          furnace gases for producing methanol and ammonia
INVENTOR(S):
                          Kishimoto, Michiharu; Miyashita, Torakatsu; Yajima,
                          Kenichi; Nomoto, Hiroki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                          Kawasaki Heavy Industries, Ltd., Japan
SOURCE:
                          Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.
                          CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE --------------JP 2002161303 A2 20020604 JP 2000-358051 20001124

The gases generated from the furnace for metal oxides AB such as iron ores, is utilized by adding steam to the gases, setting temp. of the gases to make H:CO ratio near 2:1 for carrying out shift reaction, removing water and CO2 from the reacted gases, and synthesizing MeOH from H and CO in the resulting gases. Me tert-Bu ether may be manufd. by reacting the MeOH with isobutylene. NH3 is synthesized by adding steam obtained by using the furnace gas heat to the furnace gases, setting temp. or pressure to increase H in the gases for carrying out shift reaction, removing water and CO2 from the reacted gases, and reacting H and N in the resulting gases. Urea may be manufd. by reacting the synthesized NH3 with the CO2 removed after the shift reaction. The arrangement of reactors and other units in the app. is also described.

IT 1634-04-4P, Methyl tert-butyl ether

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of, from synthesized methanol; utilization of smelting-redn. furnace gases for producing methanol and ammonia)

ANSWER 2 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:9931 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:74199

TITLE: Photodegradative process for the purification of

contaminated water

INVENTOR(S): Pappa, Rosario; Massetti, Felicia; Cova, Umberto

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Enitechnologie S.P.A., Italy

Eur. Pat. Appl., 8 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE EP 1167300 A1 20020102 EP 2001-112220 20010518

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

IT 2000MI1405 A1 20011224 IT 2000-MI1405 20000622 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IT 2000-MI1405 A 20000622

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

A photodegradative process is described for the purifn. of water contaminated by ether-based compds., esp. methylterbutyl ether (MTBE) or its analogous products, which comprises the following steps: (a) treatment of the contaminated water with an inorg. acid up to a pH ranging from 4.0 to 4.5 with the elimination of the carbon dioxide thus formed; (b) dispersion in the water of solid particles of a metal oxide of the semiconductor type or dissoln. of a stream consisting of ozone in pure oxygen or air; (c) irradn. of the dispersion or soln. obtained in step (b) with UV light to degrade the ether-based contaminants.

108-20-3, Diisopropyl ether 109-99-9, Tetrahydrofuran, processes ΙT 637-92-3, Propane 2 ethoxy 2 methyl 994-05-8, Methyl tert-amyl Ether 1634-04-4, Mtbe

RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process) (photodegradative process for purifn. of contaminated water)

ANSWER 3 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:930763 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:19860

TITLE: Process for preparing 2,5-dimethyl-2,4-hexadiene INVENTOR(S): Wang, Hua; Liu, Zhongmin; Sun, Chenglin; Zhang,

Jinling

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dalian Inst. of Chemicophysics, Chinese Academy of

Sciences, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 6 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Patent Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ ----------CN 1999-122537 19991117

CN 1296936 A 20010530 CASREACT 136:19860

2,5-Dimethyl-2,4-hexadiene is synthesized by condensation reaction of isobutyraldehyde with isobutylene, tert-Bu alc., and/or Me tert-Bu ether in solvent in the presence of solid acid catalyst at 60-300.degree.. The molar ratio of isobutyraldehyde to isobutylene is 1:1-8, ratio of catalyst to isobutyraldehyde is 1:1-50, and vol. ratio of isobutyraldehyde to

solvent is 1-3:1-10. The catalyst is acidic clay, metal

oxide, compd. oxide, and/or mol. sieve.

IT 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions 78-84-2, Isobutyraldehyde 115-11-7, Isobutene, reactions 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of 2,5-dimethyl-2,4-hexadiene)

ANSWER 4 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:774180 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

136:106991

TITLE:

Low temperature catalytic decomposition and oxidation

of MTBE

AUTHOR(S):

Mitani, M. M.; Keller, A. A.; Golden, S. J.; Hatfield,

R.; Cheetham, A. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Bren School of Environmental Science and Management, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA, 93106,

USA

27

SOURCE:

Applied Catalysis, B: Environmental (2001), 34(2),

87-95

CODEN: ACBEE3; ISSN: 0926-3373 Elsevier Science B.V.

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

AB Catalytic combustion of methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) was studied in the gas-phase from an ag. soln. spiked with MTBE (1.1 mM), to simulate actual remediation conditions. The soln. of MTBE was sparged with an oxygen/helium gas, at a ratio of 1-4. The sparged gas stream of MTBE and water vapor was passed over catalysts utilizing Pt/Rh or Pd in conjunction with a mixed metal oxide based upon Lal-xSrxMnO3. The results were compared to a com. catalyst which contained a higher loading of Pt. The expts. with the catalysts were conducted over a temp. range of 80-500.degree.C. Combustion to CO2 and water was obsd. in all cases, but byproduct formation of isobutene and methanol was seen at lower temps. for all of the catalysts tested, with the exception of the com. catalyst. The catalyst with the lowest loading of Pt/Rh achieved the lowest temp. for complete oxidn. of MTBE and its byproducts.

TΤ 1634-04-4, MTBE

RL: REM (Removal or disposal); PROC (Process)

(low temp. catalytic decompn. and oxidn. of MTBE)

ANSWER 5 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 2000:828728 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:363114

TITLE:

Bismuth- and molybdenum-containing composite oxide catalysts and production method of (meth)acrolein and

(meth) acrylic acid therewith

INVENTOR(S):

Kimura, Tadamasa; Tanimoto, Michio; Onodera, Hideo

Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

```
APPLICATION NO. DATE
                    KIND DATE
     PATENT NO.
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                                          -----
     _____
                                                           _____
    JP 2000325795 A2 20001128
                                          JP 1999-144296
                                                           19990525
                                         US 2000-575454
                                                           20000522
    US 6383973
                     B1 20020507
    EP 1055455
                     A2 20001129
                                         EP 2000-304451
                                                           20000525
    EP 1055455
                     A3 20020502
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                  Α
                           20010207
                                          CN 2000-120312
                                                           20000525
    CN 1282630
    BR 2000002501
                           20010313
                                         BR 2000-2501
                                                           20000525
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                       JP 1999-144296 A 19990525
    bismuth molybdenum composite oxide catalyst; acrylic acid prepn
    metal oxide catalyst; acrolein prepn metal
    oxide catalyst; methacrylic acid prepn metal
    oxide catalyst; methacrolein prepn metal oxide
    catalyst
IT
    Oxidation catalysts
        (gas-phase; prepn. of (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid using
        composite metal oxide catalysts)
IT
    Silica gel, uses
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of composite metal oxide catalysts for
        (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid prepn.)
IT
    78-85-3P, Methacrolein 79-10-7P, Acrylic acid, preparation
    Methacrylic acid, preparation 107-02-8P, Acrolein, preparation
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid using composite
       metal oxide catalysts)
                               1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide, uses 1304-85-4,
IT
     373-02-4, Nickel acetate
    Basic bismuth nitrate 5931-89-5, Cobalt acetate 7697-37-2, Nitric
    acid, uses 7757-79-1, Potassium nitrate, uses 7789-18-6, Cesium
    nitrate 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10361-44-1, Bismuth nitrate 10421-48-4, Nitric acid, iron(3+) salt 11120-25-5, Ammonium
    paratungstate 12027-67-7, Ammonium paramolybdate 13138-45-9, Nickel
    nitrate 17309-53-4, Cerium nitrate
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of composite metal oxide catalysts for
        (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid prepn.)
IT
     307297-37-6P 307297-38-7P
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation);
    USES (Uses)
        (prepn. of composite metal oxide catalysts for
        (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid prepn.)
ΙT
    75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions
    115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl
    ether
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (starting material; prepn. of (meth)acrolein and (meth)acrylic acid
        using composite metal oxide catalysts)
    ANSWER 6 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                        2000:526864 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        133:152962
TITLE:
                        additives for catalytic cracking of hydrocarbons and
                        the catalytic cracking method
INVENTOR(S):
                        Sue, Shukin; Wang, Guolian; Guo, Haiqin; Den,
                        Xianlian; Wang, Longian; Qi, Wenni; Liu, Hshuhuan;
                        Shen, Baojan; Liu, Jinron; Zao, Donmin
                        China Petrochemical Industry General Corp., Peop. Rep.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        China; Liuoyan Petrochemicla Engineering Corp.
SOURCE:
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 33 pp.
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE -------------------JP 2000212575 A2 20000802 JP 1999-377233 19991228 A 20000705 CN 1998-122188 19981229 CN 1258714 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 1998-122188 A 19981229 50-70-4D, D-Glucitol, reaction products with isovaleric acid 64-19-7, Acetic acid, uses 127-19-5 141-43-5, uses 142-72-3 503-74-2D, 537-01-9 543-94-2 929-06-6 reaction products with sorbitol 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses 1309-64-4, Antimony oxide (Sb203), uses 1320-04-3, Naphthalenecarboxylic acid 1330-20-7, uses 1634-04-4 2180-18-9 2272-11-9 2717-15-9 9036-19-5 21651-19-4, Tin oxide (SnO) 25103-52-0, 89067-18-5 Isooctanoic acid 32838-97-4 51845-86-4 94246-95-4 146623-02-1 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (additives for hydrocarbon cracking catalysts for preventing nickel and vanadium poisoning and carbon monoxide emission)

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:363533 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:339861

TITLE:

Dual-functional packing type catalytic and

distillation equipment and catalysts

INVENTOR(S):

Zhang, Jinyong; Hao, Xingren; Wang, Jinshan; Gao,

Buliang; Wang, Wei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Qilu Petro-Chemical Industry Corp., SINOPEC, Peop.

Rep. China

SOURCE:

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 11 pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 1208664	А	19990224	CN 1997-106052	19970820
CN 1067905	В	20010704		
US 6117812	A	20000912	US 1998-166931	19981006
US 6291719	В1	20010918	US 2000-650094	20000829
PRIORITY APPLN.	INFO.:		CN 1997-106052 A	19970820
			US 1998-166931 A3	19981006

AB The equipment is characterized by packing catalysts on the supporting plate with free space between catalyst granulars for better vapor and liq. contact with substrates in the reactor and simultaneous fractional distn. of products. The catalyst has 6-60 mm of equiv. diam., (0.2-3):1 ratio of height to diam. The catalyst may be prepd. by using styrene-divinylbenzene copolymer, metal oxide or mol. sieve as carrier and adding active component; and it can be used in hydration, etherification, esterification, alkylation and hydrogenation, etc..

IT 994-05-8P, Methyl tert-pentyl ether 1634-04-4P, Methyl

tert-butyl ether 26760-64-5P, tert-Amylene

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

 $(dual-functional\ packing\ type\ catalytic\ and\ distn.\ equipment\ and\ catalysts)$ 

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:83259 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

132:139087

TITLE:

Strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst

and use of the same

INVENTOR(S):

Vadav, Ganapati Dadasaheb; Krishnan, Muniyammal Sellamutiiupillai; Doshi, Nirav Shashikant; Pujari, Ajit Atmaram; Rahuman, Mohamed Sheik Mohamed Mujeebur

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Secretary, Department of Science and Technology (Dst),

Government of India o, India

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 18 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE: German FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ---------------DE 19857314 A1 20000203 DE 1998-19857314 19981211 IN 1997-3590 19971212 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: IN 1997-3594 19971212 IN 1997-3595 19971212 zeolite zirconium oxide sulfate catalyst manuf; alkylation catalyst ST sulfated metal oxide zeolite; nitration catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; hydrocracking catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; esterification catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; etherification catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; dehydrogenation catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; hydrogenation catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; isomerization catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; oligomerization catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite; acylation catalyst sulfated metal oxide zeolite ΤТ Amines, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (arom.; strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) IT Polymerization catalysts (oligomerization; strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) IT Acylation catalysts Alkylation catalysts Dimerization catalysts Friedel-Crafts reaction catalysts (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) IT Zeolites (synthetic), preparation RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) TΤ Alcohols, reactions Alkenes, reactions Aromatic compounds RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) IT 14644-61-2P, Zirconium sulfate RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions) 101-81-5P, Benzylbenzene 134-85-0P, 4-Chlorobenzophenone 769-92-6P, IT 4-tert-Butylaniline 2409-55-4P, 2-tert-Butyl-p-cresol 17438-89-0P, 1-Decene dimer 18602-27-2P, 1-Octene dimer 27776-01-8P, Benzyltoluene 62132-67-6P, 1-Dodecene dimer RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd. reactions)

62-53-3, Aniline, reactions 71-43-2, Benzene, reactions

Ethylene, reactions 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions 100-44-7, Benzyl chloride, reactions 106-44-5, p-Cresol, reactions 108-88-3, Toluene,

108-93-0, Cyclohexanol, reactions 110-83-8, Cyclohexene,

115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 122-01-0, 4-Chlorobenzoyl

IT

reactions reactions

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chloride 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether 25167-67-3,
    Butylene 26760-64-5, Isoamylene
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (strongly acid mesoporous synergistic solid catalyst contg. sulfated
       metal oxides on zeolite supports for org. compd.
       reactions)
    ANSWER 9 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:35226 CAPLUS
                       132:51422
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       Catalyst for preparing methyl tert-butyl ether
TITLE:
                       Tang, Jing; Dong, Weiyi; Wang, Yanji; Li, Heran
INVENTOR(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                      Nankai University, Peop. Rep. China
                       Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 11 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: CNXXEV
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        Chinese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE
                                   APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                         -----
                         19970625
                                      CN 1995-118963 19951219
    CN 1152476 A
    H-Beta zeolites
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts; H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide
       -sulfate catalyst for prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
    Etherification catalysts
        (methanol reaction with isobutylene to Me tert-Me ether in presence of
       H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide-sulfate
       catalyst or prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
    1634-04-4P, Methyl tert-butyl ether
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide-sulfate
       catalyst for prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
    1309-37-1, Ferric oxide, uses 1314-23-4, Zirconium oxide, uses
    7550-45-0, Titanium tetrachloride, uses 7783-20-2, Ammonium sulfate,
          10421-48-4, Ferric nitrate 13463-67-7, Titania, uses
    13746-89-9, Zirconium nitrate
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts; H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide
       -sulfate catalyst for prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
     67-56-1, Methanol, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (methanol reaction with isobutylene to Me tert-Me ether in presence of
       H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide-sulfate
       catalyst or prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
    1344-28-1, .gamma.-Alumina, uses
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (.gamma.-, .gamma.-, .gamma.-, .gamma.-, .gamma.-, .gamma.-,
       catalysts; H.beta. zeolite-alumina-metal oxide
       -sulfate catalyst for prodn. of Me tert-Bu ether)
    ANSWER 10 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:784338 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                       132:5852
TITLE:
                       Process for the determination of MTBE in the ground
                       and air
INVENTOR(S):
                       De Angelis, Lucio
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                       Enitecnologie S.P.A., Italy
                       PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
SOURCE:
                       CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                       Patent
LANGUAGE:
                       English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                                         DATE
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WO 1999-EP1821
                            19991209
                                                            19990218
     WO 9963340
                      Α1
             AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
             KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,
             MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
             TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
             TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
             CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     CA 2315001
                      AA
                            19991209
                                          CA 1999-2315001 19990218
                            19991220
                                           AU 1999-35972
     AU 9935972
                       A1
                                                            19990218
                                         EP 1999-917826
                                                            19990218
     EP 1084403
                      Α1
                            20010321
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
     JP 2002517723
                       T2
                            20020618
                                           JP 2000-552496
                                                            19990218
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        IT 1998-MI1248
                                                       A 19980604
                                        WO 1999-EP1821
                                                         W 19990218
REFERENCE COUNT:
                               THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
                               RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
AB
     Pollution by methyl-tert-butyl-ether (MTBE) in soil and at the surface is
     monitored using solid state sensors. The sensors consist of a sensitive
     element made of a semi-conductor metal oxide contq.
     platinum, for example tin oxide, and a heater capable
     of bringing the temp. of the element to a range of 300-500.degree.C.
     sensors are equipped with a membrane permeable to gas and impermeable to
     water and change resistance in response to interaction with MTBE. An
     example is described relating to the monitoring of underground fuel tanks
     contg. fuel with this oxygenated additive.
ST
     sensor environmental monitoring methyltertbutylether fuel leak; platinum
     tin oxide sensor methyltertbutylether
     1634-04-4, Methyl tert butyl ether
IΤ
     RL: ANT (Analyte); MOA (Modifier or additive use); ANST (Analytical
     study); USES (Uses)
        (solid state sensors for monitoring gasoline additive MTBE to detect
        fuel spills in soil and aboveground)
ΙT
     1332-29-2, Tin oxide
     RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)
        (solid state sensors for monitoring gasoline additive MTBE to detect
        fuel spills in soil and aboveground)
     ANSWER 11 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1999:516399 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         131:132136
TITLE:
                         Acidic mesoporous catalysts
INVENTOR(S):
                         Yahav, Ganapati Dadasaheb; Krishnan, M. S.; Doshi,
                         Nirav Shashikant; Purjari, Ajit Atmaram; Rahuman, M.
                         S. M. Mujeebur
                         Secretary Department of Science and Technology, India
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
                         CODEN: BAXXDU
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                         1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                     ----
                            -----
     GB 2332155
                      A1
                            19990616
                                           GB 1998-27396
                                                            19981211
                      В2
                            20010912
     GB 2332155
     JP 2000042416
                      A2
                            20000215
                                           JP 1998-375450
                                                            19981214
     US 6204424
                      В1
                            20010320
                                           US 1998-211499
                                                            19981214
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        IN 1997-DE3590
                                                       Α
                                                            19971212
                                        IN 1997-DE3594
                                                         A 19971212
                                        IN 1997-DE3595
                                                         A 19971212
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                        MARPAT 131:132136
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AB An eco-friendly synergistic heterogeneous solid catalyst for use in reactions, such as alkylation, oligomerization, isomerization, hydration, dehydration, etherification, esterification, hydrocracking, and nitration

of org. compds., comprises synergistic combination of sulfated metal oxide and mesoporous zeotypes comprising Si 50-60, Zr 40-50, and S 5-10 wt.%, and having surface area of 200-500 m2/g, pore vol. of 0.1-0.3 m3/g, pore diam. of 25-35 .ANG., and XRD peak at 20 being 0-3. The invention also covers the process of manuf. of the above catalysts and its use in particular for producing oligomers from .alpha.-olefins, Friedel-Crafts alkylation and acylation reactions. 62-53-3, Benzenamine, reactions 75-65-0, reactions 106-44-5, reactions 1634-04-4, MTBE RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (acidic mesoporous catalysts for alkylation) ANSWER 12 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:417787 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:75246 Manufacture of oxide catalysts for manufacture of TITLE: unsaturated aldehydes and carboxylic acids Miyaki, Kenichi; Kuroda, Toru; Ohkita, Motomu INVENTOR(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. SOURCE: CODEN: JKXXAF DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE JP 11179206 A2 19990706 JP 1997-349510 19971218 mixed metal oxide catalyst oxidn isobutylene; unsatd aldehyde manuf mixed oxide catalyst; carboxylic acid unsatd manuf oxide catalyst; silica sol mixed oxide catalyst manuf; molybdenum bismuth iron silicon oxide catalyst; methacrolein methacrylic acid manuf oxide catalyst 75-65-0, reactions 115-07-1, 1-Propene, reactions 115-11-7, reactions 1634-04-4, tert-Butyl methyl ether RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (manuf. of mixed oxide catalysts for manuf. of unsatd. aldehydes and carboxylic acids by oxidn.) ANSWER 13 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:80038 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:101811 TITLE: Synthesis of 2,5-dimethyl-2,4-hexadiene by catalytic condensation INVENTOR(S): Gao, Xuguo; Xu, Longya; Liu, Xiumei Dalian Inst. of Chemical Physics, Chinese Academy of PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sciences, Peop. Rep. China SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Chinese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE CN 1145892 A 19970326 CI OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:101811 -----CN 1995-112007 19950920 condensation butyl alc metal catalyst 75-65-0, tert-Butyl alcohol, reactions 78-84-2, Iso-butyraldehyde 115-11-7, Isobutene, reactions 1634-04-4, tert-Butyl methyl

hexadiene dimethyl metal oxide catalyst; butyraldehyde IT ether RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (synthesis of 2,5-dimethyl-2,4-hexadiene by catalytic condensation) ANSWER 14 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1997:754312 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:47976

IT

ST

ΙT

TITLE: Method of filling oxidation catalysts in preparation of unsaturated aldehydes and unsaturated carboxylic

acids

INVENTOR(S): Shiotani, Toru; Sugiyama, Mieharu; Kuroda, Toru;

Okita, Motomu

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 09301912 A2 19971125 JP 1996-137717 19960509
US 5892108 A 19990406 US 1997-852162 19970506
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1996-137717 19960509

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 128:47976

AB In prepn. of the title unsatd. compds. from MeCH:CH2, Me2C:CH2, Me3COH, or Me3COMe by using mol. O in gas phase, Mo- and F-contg. oxidn. catalysts are mixed with metal Raschig rings as auxiliary fillers and charged into fixed bed reactors. A gaseous mixt. of MeCH:CH2, O, steam, and N was passed at 305.degree. through a fixed bed reactor filled with metal oxide catalyst (Mo12W0.1Bi0.9Fe1.3Sb1.2Co6.2Zn0.3K 0.06) and Raschig ring made of SUS 304 to give acrolein and acrylic acid with 99.0% reactivity and, 87.0% and 5.9% selectivity, resp., with pressure loss 30.8%.

75-65-0, tert-Butyl alcohol, reactions 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions **1634-04-4**, Methyl tert-butyl

ether

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of unsatd. aldehydes and unsatd. carboxylic acids using F- and
 Mo-contg. catalysts and metal Raschig rings)

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1996:51079 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

124:201250

TITLE:

Catalytic properties of metal-containing

polymethylsiloxanes

AUTHOR(S):

Fiedorow, R.; Przystajko, W.; Adamiec, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Fac. Chem., Adam Mickiewicz Univ., Poznan, 60-780,

Pol.

SOURCE:

Appl. Organomet. Chem. (1995), 9(8), 707-12

CODEN: AOCHEX; ISSN: 0268-2605

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: Aluminum-, iron-, titanium- and zirconium-contg. polymethylsiloxanes (MPS) were studied as catalysts for acid-catalyzed reactions; their surface acidity and the strengths of their acid centers were detd. They appeared to be active for 2-propanol dehydration; the best sample was almost as active as alumina, which is known for its high activity for alc. dehydration. All metal-contg. MPS catalyzed double-bond migration and cis-trans isomerization of 2-butene. Some of them also catalyzed the synthesis of Me t-Bu ether, but their activity for this reaction was inferior to that of the resin Amberlyst-15 and some sulfate-ion modified metal oxides. No cumene conversion occurred on the catalysts studied and no pyridinium ion formation was obsd. by IR spectroscopy, which points to the absence of strong Broensted acid sites. The MPS are distinguished by quite large surface areas (86-299 m2 g-1) and are capable of chemisorbing pyridine (0.014-0.047 mmol g-1) on their Lewis acid centers.

IT 1634-04-4P, tert-Butyl methyl ether

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(catalytic properties of metal-contg. polymethylsiloxanes)

L3 ANSWER 16 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:846620 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 123:233131

Isopropyl alcohol and ether production from acetone. TITLE: Knifton, John Frederick; Dai, Pei-Shing Eugene; INVENTOR(S): Taylor, Robert Joel, Jr.; Martin, Bobby Ray Texaco Development Corp., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 16 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
EP 665207	A1	19950802	EP 1995-300475 19950126
EP 665207	В1	19971001	
R: DE, FR,	GB		
US 5476972	Α	19951219	US 1994-188007 19940128
CA 2141270	AA	19950729	CA 1995-2141270 19950127
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	. :		US 1994-188007 19940128

A one-step method is disclosed for synthesis of ethers from acetone, which method comprises reacting an acetone-rich feed over a bifunctional catalyst comprising 5%-45% by wt. hydrogenation catalyst on 55%-95% of the total catalyst wt. of a support comprising a zeolite and a Group III or IV metal oxide to produce disopropyl ether, MTBE, and iso-Pr tert-Bu ether. The novel one-step method is esp. useful for prodn.

of high octane blending components for gasoline.

108-20-3P, Diisopropyl ether 67-63-0P, Isopropyl alcohol ΙT

1634-04-4P, MTBE 17348-59-3P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)

(iso-Pr alc. and ether prodn. from acetone for use as gasoline blending components)

ANSWER 17 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1995:759195 CAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

123:314804

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

Manufacture of catalysts for preparation of unsaturated aldehydes and carboxylic acids

Shiotani, Tooru; Kuroda, Tooru; Taniguchi, Yoshuki INVENTOR(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co, Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ST		prepn	oxidn catalyst;	JP 1993-300841 carboxylic acid	
	ultrasonic treat	ment <b>m</b>	<b>etal oxide</b> cata		on oxide catalyst
IT		contac	t oxidn. cataly r carboxylic ac	vsts for prepn. of cids)	-
IT	Monomers	-	-	,	

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of unsatd. aldehydes or carboxylates by contact oxidn. in presence of metal oxides)

ΙT 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions 115-07-1, Propylene, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl 12054-85-2 RL: RCT (Reactant)

(in prepn. of unsatd. aldehydes or carboxylates by contact oxidn.) 132003-28-2P 170214-68-3P

IT RL: CAT (Catalyst use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(metal oxide contact oxidn. catalysts for prepn. of

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unsatd. aldehydes or carboxylic acids)
                                            1309-64-4, Antimony trioxide,
     1304-76-3, Bismuth trioxide, reactions
ΙT
                7757-79-1, Potassium nitrate, reactions 7779-88-6, Zinc
              7789-18-6 10141-05-6, Cobalt nitrate 10377-60-3, Magnesium
             10421-48-4, Ferric nitrate 11120-25-5, Ammonium paratungstate
     nitrate
     13138-45-9, Nickel nitrate
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (prepn. of metal oxide contact oxidn. catalysts
IT
     78-85-3P, Methacrolein 107-02-8P, Acrolein, preparation
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of unsatd. aldehydes or carboxylates by contact oxidn. in
        presence of metal oxides)
     ANSWER 18 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                      1994:704106 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        121:304106
                        Multimetal oxides, their use as catalysts for the
TITLE:
                       manufacture of methacrolein, and catalyst supports
                        coated with the oxides
INVENTOR(S):
                       Tenten, Andreas; Neumann, Hans-Peter; Exner, Herbert
                       BASF A.-G., Germany
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: GWXXBX
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                         German
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
     ______
                                         DE 1994-4407020 19940303
     DE 4407020 A1 19940915
    US 5583086 A 19961210 US 1994-202067 19940225
JP 06321536 A2 19941122 JP 1994-38741 19940309
RITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1993-4307381 19930309
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
   Alkali metal oxides
     Rare earth oxides
     RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material
     use); USES (Uses)
        (multimetal oxides contg., for catalysts for methacrolein manuf. by
        vapor-phase oxide. of tert. BuOH and Me ether and isobutane)
ΙT
```

75-65-0, tert. Butanol, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutene, reactions

1634-04-4

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(vapor-phase oxide. of, to methacrolein, multimetal oxide catalysts for)

ANSWER 19 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:579086 CAPLUS

121:179086 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Manufacture of tertiary olefins by catalytic thermal TITLE:

decomposition of alkyl tertiary-alkyl ethers

Gyoda, Hisafumi; Ookita, Motomu INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Rayon Co, Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE \_\_\_\_\_ -----JP 06072904 A2 19940315 J JP 2939065 B2 19990825 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 121:179086 JP 1992-252186 19920827

Thermal decomposition catalysts

(metal oxides, for alkyl tert-alkyl ethers to tertiary alkenes)

```
(metal oxide catalysts contg., for decompn. of
       alkyl tert-alkyl ethers to tertiary olefins)
    1634-04-4, tert-Butyl methyl ether
ΙT
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (thermal decompn. of, to isobutylene, catalysts for)
    ANSWER 20 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                       1994:244095 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        120:244095
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
                        Preparation of tertiary olefins from alkyl ethers
                        Gyoda, Hisafumi; Ookita, Motomu; Taniguchi, Yoshuki;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Takeda, Hitoshi
                        Mitsubishi Rayon Co, Japan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
                        Japanese
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
                   ____
                                         -----
    JP 05229965
                    A2
                         19930907
                                         JP 1992-32343
                                                          19920219
    JP 2858281
                     B2 19990217
                      CASREACT 120:244095
OTHER SOURCE(S):
IT
    Decomposition catalysts
        (silicon metal oxides, for tertiary alkyl ethers)
IT
    1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (decompn. of, isobutylene from)
    ANSWER 21 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                       1993:606881 CAPLUS
                        119:206881
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        Method for regenerating certain acidic hydrocarbon
TITLE:
                        conversion catalysts by solvent extraction
                        Cooper, Michael D.; Rao, Pradip; King, David L.;
INVENTOR(S):
                        Lopez, Ronald R.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        Catalytica, Inc., USA
                        PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
    -----
                                         -----
    WO 9310065
                          19930527
                     A1
                                        WO 1992-US10095 19921123
        W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP,
            KR, LK, LU, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, RU, SD, SE, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE, BF,
            BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, SN, TD, TG
                                       US 1991-796940
    US 5326923
                          19940705
                                                          19911122
                    Α
    CN 1076386
                          19930922
                                         CN 1992-114842
                                                          19921121
                     Α
    AU 9332224
                                        AU 1993-32224
                     Α1
                          19930615
                                                          19921123
                                         EP 1993-900631
    EP 625133
                          19941123
                     Α1
                                                          19921123
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
                    Т2
                          19950330
                                        JP 1992-509557
    JP 07502928
                                                          19921123
    BR 9206790
                      Α
                           19951107
                                         BR 1992-6790
                                                          19921123
    FI 9401792
                                         FI 1994-1792
                     Α
                           19940418
                                                          19940418
                                         NO 1994-1751
    NO 9401751
                      Α
                          19940510
                                                          19940510
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                      US 1991-796940
                                                          19911122
                                      US 1990-588448
                                                          19900926
                                      US 1991-697320
                                                          19910507
                                      WO 1992-US10095
                                                        19921123
    Acidic, solid, hydrocarbon conversion catalysts, e.g.,, alkylation
AB
```

ΙT

10043-01-3, Aluminum sulfate

RL: RCT (Reactant)

catalysts, which may or may not contain a significant Lewis acid component, can be regenerated by contact with a solvent selected from SO2, oxygenates, alkylnitriles, and phenolics, followed by sepn. of the catalyst. The catalyst then is heated to 75.degree. to remove volatile hydrocarbons. The catalyst may be a zeolite, alumina, aluminosilicate, silica, aluminum phosphate mol. sieve, silicoaluminophosphate mol. sieve, solid polymeric ion exchange resin, tetravalent metal phosphonate with pendant acid groups and sulfated metal oxide. The catalyst may be a Lewis acid such as BF3, BCL3, BBr3, BI3, SbF5, AlCl3, AlBr3, TiBr4, TiCl4, TiCl3, ZrCl4, PF5, FeCl3, and FeBr3.

ΙT 75-28-5, Isobutane 106-98-9, 1-Butene, uses 107-01-7, 2-Butene 109-68-2, 2-Pentene 115-11-7, Isobutylene, uses 513-35-9 563-46-2 624-64-6 **1634-04-4**, MTBE

RL: USES (Uses)

(alkylation catalyst regeneration by solvent extn. with)

ANSWER 22 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:216262 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:216262

Etherification process with hydrogen rejuvenation for TITLE:

ethers used as gasoline octane boosters

INVENTOR(S): Harandi, Mohsen N.; Owen, Hartley

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mobil Oil Corp., USA

U.S., 7 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,015,782. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent English LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE \_\_\_\_ US 5166454 A 19921124 US 1991-695844 19910506 US 5015782 A 19910514 US 1990-495667 19900319 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1990-495667 19900319

The manuf. of MTBE, which is useful as a gasoline octane enhancer, is carried out by dehydrogenation of isoalkanes to isoolefins and selective conversion of the isoolefins (i.e., isobutene) and alcs. (i.e., MeOH) in the presence of macroreticular polystyrenesulfonic acid resin catalysts. The catalysts are protected from decompn.-promoting impurities such as N-contg. compds., metals, and coke, by contacting the C4+ olefinic hydrocarbon feedstock contg. isoalkenes and aliph. alc. with a regenerable inorg. metal oxide catalyst, e.g., a medium pore zeolite, under etherification conditions. At least a portion of the hydrogen is recovered and used to remove feedstock impurities and coke from the regenerable etherification catalyst and restore acid activity.

ΙT 1634-04-4P, Methyl tert.-butyl ether

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prodn. of, multi-stage process for, acid resin catalyst protection in)

ANSWER 23 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:611992 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:211992

TITLE: Preparation of dienes from tertiary alkyl ethers in a

2-stage process

INVENTOR(S): Ryu, Ji Yong; Michaelson, Robert Charles

Exxon Chemical Patents, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 47 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE WO 9212111 A1 19920723 WO 1992-US204 19920108

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

US 5177290 Α 19930105 US 1991-639621 19910110 AU 9211918 A1 19920817 AU 1992-11918 19920108 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1991-639621 19910110 WO 1992-US204 19920108 1314-56-3, 1310-53-8, Germanium oxide, uses 1312-43-2, Indium oxide ΙT Phosphorus oxide, uses 1332-29-2, Tin oxide 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide, uses 7631-86-9, Silicon oxide, uses 12024-21-4, Gallium oxide 12651-21-7, Thallium oxide RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (catalyst contg., for prepn. of dienes from tertiary alkyl ethers) 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether ΙT RL: RCT (Reactant) (conversion of, to isoprene, 2-stage process for) ANSWER 24 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L31991:558524 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:158524 Process for producing methacrolein and methacrylic TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Onodera, Hideo; Ohno, Shigeru; Kurimoto, Ikuo; Aoki, Yukio PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: DAMENIM NO KIND DAME A DDI TOATION NO

PA	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE			API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
WO	9108185		A1	19910613			WO	1990-JP1594	19901206
	W: KR,	US							
	RW: BE,	DE,	ES, FR	, GB, IT,	NL				
JР	03176440		A2	19910731			JΡ	1989-315163	19891206
JP	2934267		B2	19990816					
				19910902			JΡ	1989-338471	19891228
JP	2756160		B2	19980525					
JP	09194409		A2	19970729			JΡ	1996-332127	19891228
JP	10072389		A2	19980317				1997-99152	
JP	03215441		A2	19910920			JP	1990-7200	19900118
	2638241								
JP	03294238		A2	19911225			JΡ	1990-14815	19900126
EΡ	456837		A1	19911121			ΕP	1991-900057	19901206
EΡ	456837		B1	19961009					
	R: BE,	DE,	ES, FR	, GB, IT,	NL				
EΡ	608917		A1	19940803			EΡ	1994-103673	19901206
EΡ	608917			19990421					
				, GB, IT,					
	2092557							1991-900057	
ES	2130297		Т3	19990701				1994-103673	
	5276178							1991-721574	
				19970805			JΡ	1996-332128	19961212
	2988660			19991213					
RITY	Y APPLN.	INFO	.:					39-315163	19891206
								39-338471	
						JP	199	90-7200	19900118
								90-14815	
								91-900057	
								90-JP1594	
met	hacrolei	n me	thacrvl	ic acid:	i sol	outv	/ler	ne oxidn catal	lvst: terti

ST methacrolein methacrylic acid; isobutylene oxidn catalyst; tertiary butanol oxidn catalyst; methyl tertiary butyl ether oxidn; metal oxide composite oxidn catalyst

IT Oxidation catalysts

(molybdenum-tungsten-bismuth-iron-other metal oxides

, for isobutylene, tert-butanol, or Me tert-Bu ether, methacrolein or methacrylic acid for)

IT 1304-28-5, Barium oxide (BaO), uses and miscellaneous 1304-56-9, Beryllium oxide (BeO) 1304-76-3, Bismuth oxide (Bi2O3), uses and

miscellaneous 1305-78-8, Calcium oxide (CaO), uses and miscellaneous 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide (MgO), uses and miscellaneous 1313-59-3, Sodium oxide (Na2O), uses and miscellaneous 1313-96-8, Niobium oxide 1313-99-1, Nickel oxide (NiO), uses and miscellaneous 1314-11-0, Strontium oxide (SrO), uses and miscellaneous 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide (ZnO), uses and miscellaneous 1314-35-8, Tungsten oxide (WO3), uses and miscellaneous 1314-56-3, Phosphorus oxide (P2O5), uses and 1327-33-9, Antimony oxide 1332-29-2, **Tin** miscellaneous 1332-37-2, Iron oxide, uses and miscellaneous 1335-25-7, 1344-28-1, Aluminum oxide (Al2O3), uses and miscellaneous 7446-07-3, Tellurium oxide (TeO2) 7631-86-9, Silica, uses and 11104-61-3, Cobalt oxide 11129-18-3, Cerium oxide miscellaneous 11129-60-5, Manganese oxide 12057-24-8, Lithium oxide (Li20), uses and miscellaneous 12136-45-7, Potassium oxide (K2O), uses and miscellaneous 12651-21-7, Thallium oxide 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide (TiO2), uses and miscellaneous 18088-11-4, Rubidium oxide (Rb2O) 18868-43-4, Molybdenum oxide (MoO2) 20281-00-9, Cesium oxide (Cs20) RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalysts, for oxidn. of isobutylene, tert-butanol, or Me tert-Bu ether to methacrolein or methacrylic acid)

ΙT 75-65-0, tert-Butanol, reactions 115-11-7, Isobutylene, reactions 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(oxidn. of, to methacrolein or methacrylic acid)

ANSWER 25 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1991:491660 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

115:91660

TITLE:

Protection of polystyrenesulfonic acid resin catalyst in a multi-stage process for preparing unsymmetrical

APPLICATION NO. DATE

-----

tertiary alkyl ethers

INVENTOR(S):

Harandi, Mohsen N.; Owen, Hartley

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mobil Oil Corp., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

\_\_\_\_

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION:

	US 5015782	А	19910514	US 1990-495667 19900319
	US 5348707	А	19940920	US 1991-644141 19910122
	US 5166454	A		US 1991-695844 19910506
PRT	ORITY APPLN. INFO		1770110.	US 1990-495667 19900319
AB			la athers a	g., Me3COMe (MTBE) and EtCMe2OMe (TAME)
AD				e no. enhancers, proceeds by selective
				butene) and alcs. (e.g. MeOH) in the
				renesulfonic acid resin catalysts.
		-		heating (>90.degree.) and decomp. by
				ids that cause decompn. of the title
	products. In t	he tit	le process, t	he resin catalysts are protected from
	decompn. promot	ing im	purities such	as N-contg. compds., metals, and coke,
	by contacting t	he C4	+ olefinic hy	drocarbon feedstock contg. isoalkenes
	and aliph. alc.	with	a regenerable	inorg. metal oxide
				te, under etherification conditions to
				to C5+ tertiary alkyl ether. A reaction
				stage, charged to a 2nd stage distn.
				cid resin etherification catalyst in a
				istn. zones, in which etherification of
				ion of the 1st stage metal
				tock impurity and coke, and to
				iderably more cost effective than
	purifying a con	ntamina	ted acid resi	n catalyst. An app. for catalytically

prepg. ethers from olefins and alcs. is also disclosed.

994-05-8P, Methyl tertiary amyl ether 1634-04-4P, Methyl

tertiary butyl ether RL: PREP (Preparation)

TΤ

ANSWER 26 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L3ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:517304 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:117304

TITLE:

Process and catalysts for the one-step manufacture of

methyl tertiary butyl ether

Knifton, John F. INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Texaco Chemical Co., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 9 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4827048	Α	19890502	US 1988-168022	19880314
EP 333076	A1	19890920	EP 1989-104331	19890311
EP 333076	B1	19930804		
R: DE, ES	, FR, GB	, IT, NL		
ES 2058366	Т3	19941101	ES 1989-104331	19890311
JP 01279854	A2	19891110	JP 1989-59884	19890314
PRIORITY APPLN. INF	0.:		US 1988-168022	19880314

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 111:117304

MTBE is prepd. in a high yield one-step process by passing MeOH and tert-BuOH over a heteropoly acid dehydration catalyst which is supported on a metal oxide carrier at 20-200.degree./0-1000 psig. The process allows the utilization of tert-BuOH in place of isobutylene (which is at times in short supply). A 12-molydophosphonic acid-on-titania catalyst was contacted with a MeOH-tert-BuOH (40.0:20.0 mol ratio) feed at 100.degree./30 psi at liq. hourly space velocity 1 h-1, producing a product stream contg. .apprx. 36% MTBE.

ΙT Heteropoly acids

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalysts, supported on metal oxide carriers, for dehydration of methanol and butanol in MTBE manuf.)

TΤ Dehydration catalysts

(heteropoly acids supported on metal oxide

carriers, for conversion of butanol and methanol into MTBE)

TΤ 1343-93-7, 12-Tungstophosphoric acid 12026-57-2, 12-Molybdophosphoric 12027-12-2, 12-Molybdosilicic acid 12027-38-2, 12-Tungstosilicic acid

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(catalysts, supported on metal oxide carriers, for dehydration of methanol and butanol in MTBE manuf.)

IT 1634-04-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manuf. of, from butanol and methanol, catalysts for)

ANSWER 27 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1989:424091 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

111:24091

INVENTOR(S):

TITLE:

Catalysts for oxidation of tert-butyl methyl ether to

methacrolein and methacrylic acid

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: .

Kinumi, Kazunori; Aoki, Yukio; Wada, Masahiro Nippon Shokubai Kagaku Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan

Eur. Pat. Appl., 9 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	<b>-</b>			
EP 304867	A2	19890301	EP 1988-113699	19880823
ED 304867	λ3	10000023		

```
R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL
                                           JP 1987-210244
                      A2
                            19890303
                                                             19870826
     JP 01056634
                            19951213
     JP 07116070
                       B4
                                        JP 1987-210244
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                             19870826
     Oxidation catalysts
        (metal oxides, for Bu Me ether to methacrolein and
        methacrylic acid)
     1634-04-4, tert-Butyl methyl ether
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (oxidn. of, to methacrylic acid and methacrolein, catalysts for)
     ANSWER 28 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
                         1989:33125 CAPLUS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         110:33125
TITLE:
                         Superconductor metal oxide
                         catalyst in a chemiluminescence chromatography
                         detector
AUTHOR(S):
                         McNamara, E. A.; Montzka, S. A.; Barkley, R. M.;
                         Sievers, R. E.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                         Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. Colorado, Boulder, CO,
                         80309, USA
SOURCE:
                         J. Chromatogr. (1988), 452, 75-83
                         CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Journal
                         English
LANGUAGE:
     Superconductor metal oxide catalyst in a
     chemiluminescence chromatography detector
     superconductor metal oxide catalyst chemiluminescence
     detector; yttrium barium copper oxide catalyst chemiluminescence; nitrogen
     dioxide reagent chemiluminescence detection; gas chromatog
     chemiluminescence detector superconductor catalyst; alc gas chromatog
     chemiluminescence detection; alkene gas chromatog chemiluminescence
     detection; oxygenate gas chromatog chemiluminescence detection; MTBE detn
     gasoline gas chromatog; gasoline analysis MTBE gas chromatog; nitrogen
     contg compd gas chromatog chemiluminescence
ΙT
     Alcohols, analysis
     Alkenes, analysis
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (gas chromatog. of, superconductor metal oxide
        catalyst in chemiluminescence detector for)
IT
     Spectrochemical analysis
        (chemiluminescence, superconductor metal oxide
        catalyst for, for gas chromatog. detection)
IT
     Chromatographs, gas
        (detectors, chemiluminescence, for nitrogen- and oxygen-contg. org.
        compds., superconductor metal oxide catalyst in)
ΙT
     67-56-1, Methanol, analysis 67-64-1, Acetone, analysis
     Benzene, analysis 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, analysis 75-07-0,
     Acetaldehyde, analysis 75-52-5, Nitromethane, analysis 75-65-0,
     tert-Butanol, analysis
                            78-93-3, Methylethylketone, analysis
     Methylcyclohexane
                        108-88-3, Toluene, analysis 111-65-9, n-Octane,
               111-66-0, 1-Octene 7664-41-7, Ammonia, analysis
     analysis
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (detection of, by gas chromatog., chemiluminescence detector contg.
        superconductor metal oxide catalyst for)
TT
     64-17-5, Ethanol, analysis
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (detection of, by gas chromatog., superconductor metal
        oxide catalyst in chemiluminescence detector for)
IT
     1634-04-4, MTBE
     RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
        (detection of, in gasoline by gas chromatog. with chemiluminescence
        detector contg. superconducting metal oxide
        catalyst)
IT
     10102-44-0, Nitrogen dioxide, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant); ANST (Analytical study)
        (redox reaction of, with org. compds. for chemiluminescence detection
        in gas chromatog. of nitrogen- and oxygen-contg. compds.,
        superconducting metal oxide catalyst for)
```

L3 ANSWER 29 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:589836 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:189836

TITLE: process for the preparation of isovaleraldehyde and/or

isoamyl alcohol

INVENTOR(S): Deguchi, Takashi; Ishino, Masaru; Sago, Shoichi;

Tamura, Mitsuhisa

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63035532	A2	19880216	JP 1986-181251	19860731
TD 06060113	DΛ	199/0810		

19940810 B4 Title compds. are prepd. by conversion of MeOCMe3 into CH2:CMe2 and MeOH AΒ in the presence of solid acid catalysts, conversion of MeOH into CO and H in the presence of metal and/or metal oxide catalysts, followed by treatment of CH2: CMe2 with CO and H in the presence of oxo-synthesis catalysts. MeOCMe3 was treated with NiSO4 at 297.degree. under normal pressure to give CH2: CMe2 and MeOH in quant. selectivity [based on converted MeOCMe3 (conversion 99.5%)]. A 1:1 mol mixt. of CH2: CMe2 and MeOH was treated with a compd. oxide catalyst contg. CuO 45, ZnO 45, and Cr2O3 10% at 285.degree. under normal pressure to give 97.1% CO and 189.6% H (based on MeOH, conversion 99.8%) and quant. CH2:CMe2 was recovered. A 1:2 mol mixt. of CO and H (both obtained above) and CH2:CMe2 (obtained above) were treated with Co2(CO)3 in EtPh at 150.degree. and 140-150 kg/cm2 for 2 h to give CHMe3, Me2CHCH2COH, and Me2CH(CH2)2OH in 4.6, 81.9, and 3.8% selectivity, resp. (conversion of CH2:CMe2 was 99.3%). CHMe3, Me2CHCH2COH, and Me2CH(CH2)2OH were similarly prepd. in 16.1, 2.4, and 60.9% selectivity, resp. (conversion of CH2:CMe2 was 96.3%) but in the presence of Bu3P at 190.degree. and 62-90 kg/cm2.

IT 1634-04-4, Methyl tert-butyl ether

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(conversion of, isovaleraldehyde and/or isoamyl alc. from)

L3 ANSWER 30 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:457040 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:57040

TITLE: Catalysts for etherification of olefins

INVENTOR(S): Atkins, Martin Philip; Ball, William John; Smith,

David John Harry

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): British Petroleum Co. PLC, UK

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	EP 259105		19880309	EP 1987-307614	19870827
	EP 259105		19890315		
		•	, IT, NL, SE		
		A1		AU 1987-77136	19870817
	NO 8703642	Α	19880304	NO 1987-3642	19870828
	JP 63069541	A2	19880329	JP 1987-220089	19870902
	RITY APPLN. INFO			B 1986-21263	19860903
AB	Catalysts for e	therifi	cation of olef:	ins by alcs. are p	repd. by treating
	solid metal oxi	des con	tg. residual O	H groups with	-
				20 was basified wi	th concd. NH3,

filtered, dried, calcined at  $250.\deg$ ree. for 4 h, treated with 300 mL 0.5M H2SO4, and dried at  $100.\deg$ ree. to give a catalyst, which was used for

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etherification of 1:1 isobutylene-MeOH to give 6% MTBE after 8 h, vs. 1.2
    when acid treatment preceded calcination.
    1314-23-4D, reaction products with acids 7664-93-9D, Sulfuric acid,
ΙT
    reaction products with oxides 7697-37-2D, Nitric acid, reaction products
    with oxides
                 18282-10-5D, Stannic oxide, reaction
    products with acids
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts, for etherification of olefins with alcs.)
ΙT
     994-05-8P, tert-Amyl methyl ether 1634-04-4P, MTBE
    RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, catalysts for)
    ANSWER 31 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1986:614566 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        105:214566
                        Catalyst for producing isoprene
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
                        Yablonskaya, A. I.; Bol'shakov, D. A.; Morozova, L.
                        A.; Bushin, A. N.; Stepanov, G. A.; Chaplits, D. N.;
                        Troitskii, A. P.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                        U.S.S.R. From: Otkrytiya, Izobret. 1986, (28), 283.
                        CODEN: URXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Russian
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                                        -----
    SU 415906 A1 19860730 SU 1976-1797690 19760615
    metal oxide didymium oxidative dehydration catalyst;
ST
    isoprene manuf catalyst; butyl methyl ether dehydration catalyst
ΙT
    Rare earth metals, compounds
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (didymium, catalysts from metal oxides and silica
       and, for tert-Bu Me ether conversion to isoprene)
ΙT
    Dehydration catalysts
        (oxidative, metal oxides-didymium-silica, for
       tert-Bu Me ether conversion to isoprene)
                                        11099-11-9
ΙT
    1313-27-5, uses and miscellaneous
                                                     12640-40-3 39318-18-8
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (catalysts from didymium and silica and metal oxides
       contg., for tert-Bu Me ether conversion to isoprene)
ΙT
    78-79-5P, preparation
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, from tert-Bu Me ether, metal oxide
       -didymium-silica-catalyzed)
IT
    1634-04-4
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (oxidative dehydration of, to isoprene, metal oxide
       -didymium-silica-catalyzed)
    ANSWER 32 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                        1986:21767 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                        104:21767
TITLE:
                        Transhydrogenation of isobutane in manufacture of MTBE
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                        ICI Australia Ltd., Australia
                        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
SOURCE:
                        CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                        Patent
LANGUAGE:
                        Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
```

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60126240	A2	19850705	JP 1984-233380	19841107
AU 8434694	A1	19850516	AU 1984-34694	19831107
AU 563178	B2	19870702		

US 4546204 A 19851008 US 1984-665973 19841029 CA 1230615 A1 19871222 CA 1984-467276 19841107 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: AU 1983-2244 19831107

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 104:21767

Me tert-Bu ether (MTBE) as a gasoline additive is manufd. by transhydrogenation between an isobutane-contg. recycled C4 hydrocarbon stream and a C2H4-contg. cracking product over CrO3/Al2O3 (or transition metal oxides on a nonacidic porous support) at 400-550.degree. and 1.3-10 atm to yield a product contg. an isobutene-C2H6 mixt. followed by reacting the isobutene mixt. with MeOH in a liq. phase over an acidic solid catalyst, sepg. and recycling C2 and C4 products for cracking or recycled directly for the transhydrogenation step. Thus, a product gas contg. 8.11 mol% isobutene was manufd. by reacting a mixt. contg. C2H4 53.84, C2H6 0.11, and isobutane 46.04 mol% at 480.degree. and ambient pressure over 19 wt.% CrO3/Al2O3.

IT 1634-04-4P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(manuf. of, from isobutene and methanol, dehydrogenation-hydrogenation of isobutane-ethene mixts. in)

L3 ANSWER 33 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1981:516186 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 95:116186

TITLE: Methacrylonitrile and hydrogen cyanide by ammoxidation

of tert-butyl methyl ether

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nitto Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				<b>-</b>
JP 56010160	A2	19810202	JP 1979-84451	19790705
TP 61044856	R4	19861004		

AB Methacrylonitrile (I) [126-98-7] and HCN were concurrently obtained by ammoxidn. of Me3COMe [1634-04-4] over a 12:3-15:2-15:0-10:0-5:0-5 Mo Bi Sb Ni P X oxide catalyst (X = Na, K, Rb, Cs). Thus, 715.4 g 20% SiO2 sol contg. 0.04% Na2O was treated successively with 3.9 g 85% H3PO4, 72.0 g ammonium molybdate, 59.3 g Ni(NO3)2, 3.5 g KNO3, 99.0 g Bi(NO3)3, and 29.8 g Sb2O3, pelletized, and heated at 600.degree. for 4 h to give a 12:6:6:6:1:1:0.27 Mo Bi Sb Ni P K Na oxide catalyst. The catalyst was packed into a reactor and treated with 7 L/h 1:3.5:2.2 Me3COMe-O-NH3 at 410.degree. (2.5 s) to give 76.2% I, 13.7% HCN, and 4.2% isobutene.

ST methacrylonitrile manuf butyl methyl ether; hydrogen cyanide manuf ammoxidn; metal oxide ammoxidn catalyst; molybdenum ammoxidn catalyst; bismuth ammoxidn catalyst; antimony ammoxidn catalyst; nickel ammoxidn catalyst; phosphorus ammoxidn catalyst

IT Ammoxidation catalysts

(mixed metal oxides, for tert-Bu Me ether to methacrylonitrile and hydrogen cyanide)

IT 1634-04-4

RL: PROC (Process)

(ammoxidn. of, to methacrylonitrile and hydrogen cyanide, catalysts for)

IT 126-98-7P

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation) (manuf. of, by ammoxidn. of Bu Me ether, metal oxide catalysts for)

L3 ANSWER 34 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:74711 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 88:74711

TITLE: Methacrylic derivatives from tertiary butyl-containing

compounds

INVENTOR(S): Hardman, Harley F.; Callahan, James L.; Grasselli,

Robert K.

Standard Oil Co. (Ohio), USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE:

U.S., 4 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE	
us 4065507	 А	19771227	US 1976-711014 197608	02
US 4323520	A	19820406	US 1977-794875 197705	
CA 1113498	A1	19811201	CA 1977-282896 197707	
DE 2732952	A1	19780209	DE 1977-2732952 197707	21
DE 2732952	C2	19870212		
GB 1564459	A	19800410	GB 1977-31076 197707	25
BR 7704883	А	19780613	BR 1977-4883 197707	26
JP 53018508 ·	A2	19780220	JP 1977-90241 197707	27
AT 7705553	Α	19800115	AT 1977-5553 197707	28
AT 358002	В	19800811		
BE 857324	A1	19771114	BE 1977-179784 197707	29
FR 2360545	A1	19780303	FR 1977-23447 197707	29
DD 132860	С	19781115	DD 1977-200356 197707	29
DD 137582	С	19790912	DD 1977-207071 197707	29
CS 194814	P P	19791231	CS 1977-5036 197707	29
CS 194845	P	19791231	CS 1978-2906 197707	29
CH 635056	Α	19830315	CH 1977-9428 197707	29
NO 7702723	Α	19780203	NO 1977-2723 197708	01
NL 7708493	Α	19780206	NL 1977-8493 197708	01
ES 461227	A1	19781201	ES 1977-461227 197708	01
ES 462969	A1	19780616	ES 1977-462969 197710	06
AT 7905633	Α	19820915	AT 1979-5633 197908	21
AT 370723	В	19830425		
СН 635315	Α	19830331	CH 1982-1030 198202	18
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1976-711014 197608	
			AT 1977-5553 197707	
			CH 1977-9428 197707	
AP Mothagralain (T)	[7Q_	95-31 and	oithor mothagrulonitrila [12]	6-0

Methacrolein (I) [78-85-3] and either methacrylonitrile [126-98-7] or AB isobutylene (II) [115-11-7] were prepd. by ammoxidn. and dehydrogenation of methyl tert-Bu ether (III) [1634-04-4] or isobutylene dimer [18923-87-0]. Thus, a slurry was prepd. from 1.29 parts 85% H3PO4 and aq. solns. of NH4 heptamolybdate 47.5, Co(NH3)2.6H2O 29.4, Ni(NO3)2.6H2O 16.3, Fe(NO3)3.9H2O 27.2, Ni(NO3)3.5H2O 10.9, HNO3 1.5, and KNO3 0.16 parts and 13.15 parts silica. The slurry was dried, calcined at 274-88.degree., mixed with 1% graphite, formed into tablets, and calcined 5 h at 560.degree. to give a catalyst of compn. 82.5% K0.07Ni2.5Co4.5Fe3BiP0.5Mo12O50-17.5% SiO2. A 1:10:4 (molar) III-air-water stream was contacted with the catalyst 3s at 371.degree. to give 27.1% per pass conversion to I and 21.6% per pass conversion to II. ΙT Ammoxidation catalysts

(mixed metal oxides, for Me Bu ether)

ΙT 1634-04-4

RL: PROC (Process)

(ammoxidn. of, catalyst for)

ANSWER 35 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

1971:422153 CAPLUS

TITLE:

75:22153 Isoprene

INVENTOR(S):

Watanabe, Yoshihiro; Kobayashi, Jiro; Toyoshima,

Yoshiki; Saito, Masatosi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

U.S., 3 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 3574780 A 19710413 \_\_\_\_\_ US 1969-848726 19690808

IT Dehydrogenation catalysts

(metal oxides, for isoprene manuf.)

115-11-7, uses and miscellaneous 1634-04-4 ΙT

RL: USES (Uses)

(isoprene manuf. from, catalysts for)

ANSWER 36 OF 36 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L3

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1971:143095 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

74:143095

TITLE: INVENTOR(S): Isoprene by oxidation of tert-butyl methyl ether Watanabe, Yoshihiro; Kobayashi, Jiro; Toyoshima,

Yoshiki; Saito, Masatosi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 15 pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: GWXXBX Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 1941949 DE 1941949	A C3	19710311 19730503	DE 1969-1941949	19690818

ΙT Oxidation catalysts

(transition metal oxides, for tert-butyl methyl

ether)

1634-04-4 IT

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(oxidn. of, catalysts for)